## JUSTICE DEUEL ON A SALARY

WITH "TOWN TOPICS"-MORE TALK OF REMOVING HIM.

Four Vanderbilts on the "Fads and Fancies" List-T. P. Shonts Tells Why He Gave Up \$500-Morosini's Experience Interesting but Unavailable.

That Presiding Justice Joseph M. Deuel of Special Sessions is on the salary list of Town Topics was disclosed yesterday by the District Attorney's investigation of the books. In the absence of District Attorney Jerome no statement was forthcoming as to what action if any would be taken against Justice Deuel, but there seemed to be an impression in the District Attorney's office that enough evidence had been discovered to form a basis for proceedings looking to the removal of Justice Deuel from the bench. That and the fact that four members of the Vanderbilt family-William K., Sr., William K., Jr., Alfred Gwynne and Reginald C .- have subscribed for "Fads and Fancies" and are entitled to a copy of this book when it appears were the new developments yesterday. Each Vanderbilt subscribed \$1,500, or that is the sum that is recorded in the Fads and Fancies" account kept by Town

The books show that since 1901 Justice Deuel has received a yearly salary from the publication. The first year he got \$1,000 and every year thereafter \$1,200. For the first half of this year he has been paid \$600. It has been known that Justice Deuel is a stockholder in the paper, and the books reveal that he owns thirty \$10 shares out of the 500. W. D. Mann and his daughter are the other stockholders.

In 1901 Justice Deuel's stock earned for him in dividends \$1,200. The following year he got the same amount, but since then no payment of dividends to him, except \$30, has been recorded. In 1903 Town Topics began to put up a new building in West Thirty-eighth street and the surplus of the company has been laid aside for that. The surplus is now \$165,000.

Justice Deuel's account is kept under the two headings "salary" and "dividends," and it is the salary account that interested the District Attorney's office, W. L. Daniels, secretary and treasurer of Town Topics, explained that Justice Deuel was paid for "literary work, writing and other things, but not for legal advice." There is this section in the charter in relation to what Special Session Justices must not do: what Special Session Justices must not do:
No such Justice shall receive to his own
use any fees or perquisites of office; nor shall
any such Justice hold any other public office,
or carry on any public business, or practise
as an attorney or counselor at law in any
court in the State, or act as referee or receiver, but such Justice shall devote his whole
time and capacity, so lar as the public interests demand, to the duties of his office. "It is all very interesting," said Mr. Gans when he got the report on the investi-

Gans when he got the report on the investigation. Justice Deuel was asked what he had to say and he said:

"I have heard for a week that charges were to be preferred against me. I have nothing to fear. I will meet the charges at the proper time."

Assistant District Attorney Krotel, with a complete the examination of

Assistant District Attorney Krotel, with an accountant, made the examination of the books. Daniels represented Town Topics. One interesting item which will demand further investigation concerned a new enterprise which Town Topica started not long ago. Nothing was to be learned at the District Attorney's office about this entry, but it was said that the scheme involved \$50,000 odd.

It is understood that if any proceedings are taken against Justice Deuel they will be in the nature of a citizen's complaint made to the Appellate Division. When he thought the occasion demanded it District Attorney Jerome has made the complaint himself as a citizen. If the matter is presented to the Appellate Division, then a referee will be appointed to take testimony, as was done in the case of former Justice Bolte.

There will probably be no further in

There will probably be no further investigation of the *Town Topics* books until Mr. Jerome returns from his home at Lake-Mr. Jerome returns from his home at Lake-ville. Conn. In the meantime, however, the District Attorney's office will continue the investigation, which now embraces several schemes for getting money from wealthy persons as subscriptions paid for costly books years before they are printed. Henry Thompson of counsel for Goodwin, Thompson & Vanderpool, called up Mr. Krotel yesterday and told him of the attempt that was made to get Glovanni Morosini to

krotel yesterday and told him of the attempt that was made to get Giovanni Morosini to subscribe for a copy of a book he thought was "Fads and Fancies." Mr. Thompson said that the solicitor intimated to Mr. Morosini that it would be well for Mr. Morosini to subscribe, but made no out and out threats. Mr. Morosini kicked him

out.

"Several times after that incident," said Mr. Thompson, "there appeared in Town Topics paragraphs about Mr. Morosini's daughter Giulia. The articles sailed pretty close to the libel line, but didn't hit it."

So for the present Mr. Morosini will be of no value to the District Attorney. In one of his talks with newspaper men recently Justice Deuel remarked, apropos of nothing, that it was true that Town Topics got close to the libel line, "but seldom overstepped it." He added that Town Topics had fewer libel suits than any other paper in the city.

Topics had fewer floel suits than any other paper in the city.
Edwin M. Post, the broker who made the complaint of attempted extortion against Charles H. Ahle, a solicitor for the Society Editors' Association, called on Mr. Krotel yesterday afternoon with a long anonymous letter which he had received. Mr. Krotel wouldn't say what the letter contained, but said that it had several leads that might be valuable. Before sailing for Panama yesterday Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Panama Canal Commission, was asked how he came to put up \$500 for "America's Smart Set." Mr. Shonts said: "I had known Col. Mann for a long time.

A solicitor came to me from Mr. Wayne, editor of Town Topics, asking me to put my name down. 'I suppose it's not worth \$500,' I said. 'Oh, no,' he said, 'but it would help the boys out a good deal.' I thought I would like to help Col. Mann out, and I put my name down. But they didn't get any more than \$500 from me." put my name down. But they didn't get any more than \$500 from me." Post he car-ried a letter from Wayne, who was editor in chief of the Society Editors' Association.

#### A HOG AND HOMINY CAMPAIGN.

Troubles of Presiding Elder Tice, Negro Democrat, With His Coreligionists.

"Make him eat hog and hominy or starve him," is the edict of the membership of the Bridge Street A. M. E. Church of Brooklyn in reference to Dr. S. Timonthy Tice, the Democratic Presiding Elder of the New York conference of the A. M. E. Church. The cry has been taken up by the congregation of the Bethel A. M. E. Church, in West Twenty-fifth street. Manhattan, and the Union Bethei Church of Brooklyn and unless the Democratic campaign managers replenish Elder Tice's dough bag it looks as if the Presiding Elder will have to get back to

the old Southern diet.

Bishop William B. Derrick, who was amed by Bishop B. W. Arnett to arbitrate the troubles in the negro Methodist churches of Brooklyn and Manhattan, like Bishop Ametic has refused to remove Dr. Tice. Amett, has refused to remove Dr. Tice. Bishop Derrick tried to pour oil on the troubled waters at the meeting in the Bridge stret church on Wednesday night by having the officials from the three churches sing several oid fashioned Methodist hymns.

"They can't sing no peace into us."
said one of the sisters, "until we get what
we want, and we don't want no Democratic

negro telling us what to do."

The officers of the three churches threaten to withdraw from the connection if Elder Tical Tice's head does not drop in a day or two.

"If the Rev. Mr Tice and his friends
think I am against them in this fight they
are very much mistaken," the Bishop
taid yesterday.

KANSAS CITY BANK FAILS. It Had Dealing: With Devile and Carried

Bad Paper. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 20.—The City National Bank, capitalized at \$300,000, did not open for business to-day and is in the hands of the Comptroller of the Currency. J. S. Corley is president of the institution. The bank, when its last statement was made, May 29, had deposits of \$1,476,648; cash and sight exchange of \$685.597; loans and discounts, \$1,037,184, and total resources and liabilities, each \$1.689.720.

Deposits had been steadily withdrawn business men ever since the failure of C. J. Devlin of Topeka, when it became known that the bank had an account against

known that the bank had an account against his company of about \$100,000. Bankers also said this morning that during its career of five years the City National had accumulated a great deal of paper on which few dollars would ever be realized. The securities were examined yesterday by a committee representing the Clearing House Association, with a view to purchase, but it was decided not to take them over because of their unsatisfactory value.

The bank was closed by Mr. Ames under instruction from the Comptroller of the Currency. The order closing the bank was not issued until it became definitely known that the officers of the bank could not raise the money necessary for the safe conduct of its business. Its securities were offered, but no aid was received. Officials of the other Kansas City banks were willing to advance money, but they demanded collateral which the officials of the bank could not give. It was late last night when the bank officials decided that its affairs would have to go into liquidation.

SAYS JURY WAS STARVED OUT On Motion for Stay for Lawyer Convicted

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich reserved decision yesterday on the applica-tion of James S. Alderdice, the lawyer sentenced to eighteen years imprisonment for forgery, for a certificate of reasonable doubt and stay of sentence pending his appeal. Frank Moss appeared for Alderdice on the motion.

He urged that Recorder Goff had erred He urged that Recorder Goff had erred in refusing to admit the testimohy of a woman who was prepared to swear that she had heard Mrs. Mary L. Oliver say that she herself had signed the deed to which it is alleged Alderdice forged her signature. Mr. Mose also argued that the jury had been driven to a verdict by the Recorder's action in refusing to allow them nourishment for the eighteen hours during which they were locked up.

"Did they ask for food?" Justice Giegerich inquired.

gerich inquired.

"They did," answered Mr. Moss "and their request was refused. When they were brought into court in the morning, having failed to agree, the Recorder sent them back again to discuss the testimony. When they went back they were so tired and week that their remained no chance for a weak that there remained no chance for a

disagreement."
Assistant District Attorney Taylor opposed the motion, but said he preferred to submit his brief and not enter into an oral

#### MOTHER AGAINST SON. And Brother of Corespondent Serves Divorce Case Summons.

To vary the monotony of divorce trials, the mother of a corespondent has appeared as a witness against her offspring, and in favor of the divorce seeking plaintiff. This was the case in the trial of the action brought by Edward E. Farrington for a divorce from his wife. Lillian, whom he married in 1889. Supreme Court Justice Giegerich signed the divorce decree yes-

Farrington, who lives in Kingsbridge, alleged that his wife had left him in September last to live with Nathaniel Wright of 146th street. Mrs. Ethel L. Wright, Nathaniel Wright, Wrig thaniel's mother, corroborated this. She testified that she had visited the flat where her son was living with Mrs. Farrington and had remonstrated with the woman, telling her that she was ruining not only her own life but the lives of her children and of Nathaniel.

Mrs. Farrington's answer, according to Mrs. Wright, was that she loved Nathaniel and could not bear to leave him, and Nathaniel said that he loved Lillian and would

never desert her.

The summons and complaint in the suit were served on Mrs. Farringon by Edward Wright, brother of Nathaniel. He and his mother have known Lillian since she was a little girl. The Farringtons have two chil-dren, who are put in the father's custody.

#### LITTLE ELSIE "LOSES HERSELF." Mother Spanked Her and She Ran Away,

but Only to Her Favorite Aunt. Little Elsie Scheppler, 71/2 years old, of 277 Rose street, Newark, was spanked by her mother on Wednesday afternoon and brooded over the matter until dark. Then

her mother on Wednesday afternoon and brooded over the matter until dark. Then she gave her baby brother into the charge of her grandfather and announced that she was going to run away from home.

Elsie is known as a little bluffer, and no attention was paid to her remark until she failed to show up at her home before 9 o'clock. Then an alarm was sent out among the neighbors, and parties went out with lanterns and explored the cemeteries and open lots in the neighborhood. Detective Fohs joined in the search and it continued all night. Yesterday morning it occurred to Elise's mother that the child might have gone to spend the night with Mrs. Henry Hauck, a favorite aunt. The child was found there, enjoying herself. It was Elsie's second escapade. She "losed herself" when only 3 years old and was not found for two days.

#### JUST ONE MORE.

Man Who Put Lord's Prayer on Dime Craves Final Drink Before Swearing Off.

John King, 63 years old, a pen artist and expert engraver, who says he has put the Lord's Prayer on a dime, was arraigned yesterday for drunkenness in the First Criminal Court, Jersey City. It was his second time before the Court in two days. He told the Justice he was about to undergo He told the Justice he was about to undergo an operation for the removal of a cataract of the eye and had been despondent. "The doctors tell me," he said, "that I will either be cured or will be blind for

"If I discharge you will you take the pledge?" asked the Court.
"Yes, I'll swear off, providing you will let me have one more drink."
"Just one," said the Justice. "No more,

The half blind engraver nodded and felt

#### The Weather.

The warm wave lost some of its force yesterday. In all the Atlantic States it was from 4 to 10 degrees cooler, and there is a prospect of still cooler weather for a day or two. The low pressure was passing out the St. Lawrence Valley, carrying the remnants of the warm wave with it, and an area of high pressure moving southeastward from the Dakotas was forcing cooler weather in its front to the eastward.

In this city the day was partly cloudy, with thunderstorms threatening: wind fresh west and southwest; temperature averaged 8 degrees cooler; highest, 86; average humidity, 56 per cent.; barom-eter, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M.,

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer. Is shown in the annexed

# WASHINGTON FOREGAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

For New England and eastern New York, fair to-day and to morrow; light west winds.
For the District of Columbia, partly cloudy today and to-morrow; light variable winds.
For Maryland, fair to-day; showers to-morrow; light variable winds.

For eastern tennsylvania, New Jersey and Dela-ware, partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; light variable winds, mostly west. western Pennsylvania and western New York, fair to lar and to-norrow.

# HESTER M'GARREN CLAIMS ALL

AS WIDOW OF ALEXANDER, WHOSE DEATH SHE ADVERTISED.

Her Lawyer Says That Any Judgment Taken Against Her Is Null and Void -Cousin Who Says Marriage Was Annuiled Is Made the Administrator

As foretold in THE SUN yesterday, there is going to be a contest for the estate of Alexander H. McGarren, who died, aged 73, on June 25 at his home, 104 West 122d street. Surrogate Fitzgerald has named Henry McGoughran, the Rochester cousin of McGarren, as administrator of the es tate. About the time the order was signed yesterday Lawyer Daniel W. Blumenthal announced that he had been retained by Hester McGarren, who represents herself as the widow, to protect her interests in the administration proceedings. It was she who yesterday advertised McGarren's

death on June 25. McGoughran, as THE SUN told yesterday, came on from Rochester a few days before McGarren died, and he and his wife have remained in charge of the 122d street house ever since. McGoughran says that according to his information the McGarrens' marriage was annulled about five years ago on the ground that the woman already had a husband living when she became Mrs. McGarren.

In his petition for letters of administration, filed with the Surrogate by Blatchford & Sherman, McGoughran enumerates nine cousins as the heirs at law and next of kin of McGarren. He is one of the nine McGoughran also states that the known value of the estate is about \$40,000 in real and personal property. On getting the letters he gave a bond in \$50,000 to secure

and personal property. On getting the letters he gave a bond in \$50,000 to secure the estate. McGoughran did not refer to the alleged widow in his application.

Lawyer Blumenthal said yesterday that he was absolutely confident of proving that his client is the widow and entitled to practically all the estate, which, he said, will amount to much more than the \$40,000 McGoughran estimates it at in his pestition.

Mr. Blumenthal when asked about the annulment of the marriage said:

"I will not discuss that now, but I may say that any judgment that has been taken against Mrs. McGarren in the past, either in this State or another State, will be shown to be null and void. I assert that Hester McGarren was the lawful wife of Alexander H. McGarren on the day of his death."

Mr. McGoughran denied yesterday that admittance to the 10th street house had ever been denied to Hester McGarren or that he had ever refused to allow her to remove certain pictures and other personal property which she says she left there.

Mr. McGoughran said yesterday:

"She called at the house last Saturday when I was out. She was well received, and in conversation with my wife she said that she did not want any of McGarren's money and didn't need it, but that there were some few things, gifts to her on various occasions, which she would like to have. She did not state what particular things were her personal property, and the interview terminated pleasantly. 'I know personally that what she said about not needing McGarren's money is true, for I believe that she was well provided for when she left my cousin."

Hester McGarren lives in a boarding house at 30 West Seventeenth street. She is a pleasant faced middle aged woman. She

at 30 West Seventeenth street. She is a pleasant faced middle aged woman. She will not discuss the case except through her lawyer. In her advertisement she spells the name McGarren and so the directory spells it. The lawyers spell it McGarran.

BORROWED FROM ENLISTED MAN. Lieut. Snyder Sentenced for Fallure to Pay the Debt.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- First Lieut, D. A Snyder, Sixth Cavalry, now stationed in the Philippines, has been sentenced to a reduction of fifty files in rank for failure to pay a debt of \$20 to an enlisted man from whom in 1901 he borrowed \$100. The proceedings of the court martial which tried Lieut. Snyder have just reached the War Department for approval and review.
It is shown that Lieut Snyder borrowed
\$100 and paid back \$80. The balance he
promised to pay repeatedly, but never did
so. Then charges were brought against
him and he was tried and sentenced.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The cruisers Atanta and West Virginia and the battleship Pennsylvania have arrived at Newport, the monitor Terror at New London, the monitors Florida, Arkansas and Nevada and the torpedo boats Worden, Lawrence and Stewart at Rockland; the gunboat Bennington at San Diego, the despatch boat Dolphin at Gloucester, the gunboat Dirie at Algiers, the monitor Wyoming at Port Hartford, the cruiser Detroit at Boson and the cruiser Dubuque at Gardiner's

The battleships Maine, Missouri, Ken-The battleenips Maine, Missouri, Ren-tucky, Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Iowa and Massachusetts have sailed from New-port for the Capes of Chesapeake; the tug Rocket from Norfolk for Washington; the collier Sterling from Portsmouth, N. H., for Philadelphia, and the torpedo boat Lawton from Guam for Honolulu.

To Test Midvale Armor Plate.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The Navy Department will make tests next week of steel armor plates manufactured by the steel armor plates manufactured by the Midvale Steel Company of Philadelphia. In December, 1903, a contract was awarded this company for about 6,000 tons of armor plate, it bidding under the Carnegie and the Bethlehem companies, which for many years made all of the armor plate used by the navy. The Midvale company has a secret process of making armor plate and expect integratic shown in the tests which are great interest is shown in the tests which are to be made next week. The tests will be made at the Indian Head proving grounds.

Secretary Root Returns to This City.

WASHINGTON, July 20.-Elihu Root, Secetary of State, visited the Department this morning before 9 o'clock and put in an hour disposing of routine matters. He left at 10 o'clock for New York.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- These army orders were

ssued to day: Capt. Guy. C. M. Godfrey, assistant surgeon, rom New York city to Fort McPherson, Pirst Lleut. William N. Hughes, Jr., Thirteenth nfantry, to Fort Leavenworth as aide to Brig. Gen, J. Franklin.
First Lieut James O. Ross, Fifteenth Cavalry,
to Washington Barracks for examination for retirement.

These naval orders were issued: These naval orders were issued:
Capt. T. F. Burgdorff, retired, from inspection
duty at Nicetown, Pa., to home.
Commander W. H. Chambers, retired, from the
Illinois to Nicetown, Pa., as Inspector.
Commander J. A. Bell, retired, from Cleveland
to naval station, San Juan.
Lieut. H. G. Gates, to naval academy, Annapolis.
Lieut. D. C. Hanrahan to the Tacoma, in charge
of engineering department. Lieut. D. C. Hanranan to the Tacoma, in charge of engineering department.

Lieut. U. T. Holmes, from the Tacoma to the Illinois, in charge of engineering department.

Lieut. F. R. Payne, to the Constellation and additional duty at naval training station, Narragansett Bay. R. I.

Midshipman P. H. Fretz, from the navy yard, Norfolk, to Dubuque.

Minnesota's Absconding Bank Cashler Caught in Havana.

WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The State Department has been informed by the American diplomatic representative at Havana of the arrest there of O. O. Buck, who is wanted for embezzlement at Mapleton, Minn. The Department has informed the Governor of Minnesota of the arrest and steps will probably be taken at once to extradite the man. He was the cashier of the Mapleton State Bank and is charged with taking \$17,000 from the funds of the institution.

# THE OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT FOR ALCOHOLISM

No Suffering. No Injection. No Detention from Business

NO BAD AFTER EFFECTS ALCOHOLIC CRAVING OVERCOME IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS ALL DRUG ADDICTIONS SUCCESSFULLY TREATED

#### A Special Committee of the Legislature of New York Reported in May, 1905

"Recognizing that many of these persons (DEPENDENT INEBRIATES) are suffering from disease, some form of medical treatment should be given. In the judgment of this Committee, the best treatment, therefore, is that of the Oppenheimer Institute, as it is strongly endorsed and advocated by large numbers of physicians and business and professional men of high standing, national repute and unquestioned authority; the treatment itself being reported as prompt, effective and free from certain objections inherent in other systems."

Indorsed by Many Preminent Men and Wemen Throughout the World

Hon. E. E. JACKSON, EX-COVERNOR MARYLAND. (Watch this series.) "I have no hesitation in saying to you that if your friend desires to be cured of the alcoholic habit that the Oppenheimer treatment will certainly take away all desire for stimulants. I say this because I have seen a very bad case completely cured. I have absolute faith in the treatment. Or course, it will not prevent your friend from drinking, but it will take away any craving for it and completely build up his health and nerves. My judgment is, it is the best and only treatment for such cases."

For autograph letters indorsing the Oppenheimer treatment, cut out

## OPPENHEIMER INSTITUTE,

EOWNTOWN OFFICE: 159 West 34th St., N. Y. C. BROOKLYN OFFICE:

### SMALL BOMB FOR WASSERMANN

WITH INSTRUCTIONS FOR BLOW-ING HIMSELF UP TO PAR.

Contained Gunpowder Mixed With Charcoal, a Subsidiary Glass Firecracker, Some Sandpaper, Matches and Inscriptions About Reading and Lawson.

To Edward Wassermann, senior member of the firm of Wassermann Bros. & Co., 42 Broadway, yesterday morning's mail brought package about seven inches long, four inches wide and three inches thick. It was addressed in lead pencil, to "Eddie Wassermann." Mr. Wassermann surveyed it with some supicion and when his brother Jesse suggested that it might contain dynamite he declined to open it.

One of the clerks took off the wrapper and found a box that looked like a home made camera, being covered with black cloth. On the cloth were pasted several slips, cut from newspapers or elsewhere. One was a picture of an American flag, one read "Thomas W. Lawson, Boston," "Reading." Beneath a red heart was the legend "We are pleased to announce that we carry in stock a full line of them."

wooden plug and above each plug was the inscription "Pull with steady hand." Mr. Wassermann has a steady hand, but he declined to use it according to instructions He caused a clerk to notify Police Headquarters about the box, and presently came Detective Sergeant Deering, who gingerly took the box to the Bureau of Combustibles at Fire Headquarters.

George E. Murray, inspector of combustibles, opened the box carefully. In it was about a closed handful of gunpowder. which was mixed with charcoal, a little glass tube or cylinder taken from the base of an incandescent lamp and filled with powder, pieces of sandpaper and eight

matches.
The matches, glued together in bunches of four, formed the plugs whose ends came through the box and which Mr. Wassermann was to pull. The business ends of the matches rested in a groove formed by sandpaper, which was creased into the form of a V with a very acute angle. The powder and the tube lay in this groove. The mouth of the tube was stuffed loosely with cotton and the tube lay in this groove. The mouting of the tube was stuffed loosely with cotton and the cotton was sprinkled with powder.

Murray took out all the powder leaving the sandpaper as it was, and then pulled a plug as directed. The four united matches scraped on the sandpaper and went off in great style. After Mr. Murray touched a match to the mixture of powder and charcoal and it flamed up, but did not explode.

Murray said that the powder and charcoal would not have harmed Wassermann unless he had opened it very close to his face. The powder in the glass tube would have exploded, however, being confined, and the fragments of glass might have done a lot of harm.

Mr. Wassermann does not believe that any one wanted to kill him, else the exciting

one wanted to kill him, else the exciting inscriptions would not have been put on the box. He was inclined to think that

the box. He was inclined to think that it was a poor joke on the part of some one who knew that he was a bull in Reading and that Lawson was a bear.

Edward Wassermann was one of the witnesses called by District Attorney Jerome in the Canfield case. He lives at 33 West Fifty-sixth street, and is a member of the Stock Exchange. His firm has four branches uptown. branches uptown.

ON TRIAL FOR OPIUM RAID. Mrs. Mason Accuses Police of Acting in Her Husband's Interest.

Practically all the time of the police rials at Headquarters yesterday was taken up with the cases of Patrolmen Samuel H. Waitzfelder and Julius M. Brehme of the West Forty-seventh street station. Mrs. Edward G. Mason of 253 West Forty-third street accused them of having falsely arrested her on a charge of maintaining an opium den. George Simpson of Levy & Unger represented the po-

It came out at the trial that evidence had been presented to Inspector Fio d. then captain of the West Forty-seventh street station, that opium was being smoked in Mrs. Mason's apartment. Late in June Flood put Waitzfelder and Brehme on the

Brehme knew a private detective of the Drummond Agency who, it is alleged by Mrs. Mason, was employed by her husband to get evidence against her. Brehme succeeded in getting into Mrs. Mason's apartments and, it was alleged, smoked opium with her, and a man named Edwards, who

with her, and a man named Edwards, who roomed there.

Brehme signaled Waitzfelder by dropping a handkerchlef from a window and then let his fellow policeman into the apartment. Mrs. Mason and Edwards were arrested. In the morning they were discharged in the West Side police court.

At the trial yesterday Mrs. Mason declared that she had never used dope or opium. She said that Montague Lessler was her husband's lawyer and that he had bad detectives following her for a long time. Then she asked Mr. Simpson:

"Are you employed by my husband to defend these men?"

"Who is your husband?" asked Simpson in return.

in return. in return.
"Do you refuse to answer the question?"
demanded Third Deputy Commissioner
Lindsley, who was trying the case.
"Why, it's preposterous," retorted Simp-

son.
"Put it on the record that Mr. Simpson refuses to answer," directed Mr. Linds-

state Bank and is charged with taking \$17,000 from the funds of the institution.

EMBEZZLERY & DISHONEST EMPLOYEES can be insured against by the fidelity bonds of THE ARYNA INDEMNITY COMPANY guaranteeing employers against loss. Particular, at as Unillan st. N. Y. Cay, Ten decomposition in the general with society," said Mrs. Mason. "It is too fickle."

Decision in the case was reasoned.

The hostess hesitating between the desire to offer her guests something refreshing to drink and her scruples against offering alcoholic beverages, finds

# Welch's GrapeJuice

just what she wants, either as an undiluted drink or made up into many delicious punches and sherbets.

Sold by druggists and grocers in quart and pint bottles. Booklet with recipes free. Welch Grape Julce Co., Westfield, N. Y.

#### From each end of the box protruded a A STEERAGE KNIAZ POTEMKIN

WITH \$25,000 QUITS RUSSIA TO FARM IT IN AMERICA.

Says He Is a Son of the Prince for Whom Was Named the Battleship That Ran Amuck in the Black Sea and That He Doesn't Like Conditions in Russia.

A dark, tall, broad shouldered Russian n the dress of a peasant landed at Ellis Island on Monday from the French lines La Bretagne and somewhat startled his inquisitors by displaying about \$25,000 in

cash and drafts. He gave the name of Kniaz Potemkin and said that the rebel Russian battleship had been named for his father, Prince Potemkin. He was asked why he had crossed the sea in the steerage. He said he was displeased with conditions in his own country and had decided to leave it and strike out on his own account in the farming district of the West. He had had some experience in farming and thought that that would be the best thing for him to do in America.

He did not feel comfortable among his

neighbors at Poltava, in Little Russia, and could not very well begin life over again there. He preferred the country where all men were supposed to be equal and where titles did not count. His estate, he said, had been large, but owing to the financial condition of Russia he could not get for it anything like what it was worth, and so he sacrificed it to his immediate plans and necessities for \$35,000, nearly all of which he had brought here with him-He had decided to travel just like other laboring folk, partly because \$35,000 was not much to start life on, and every little saving helped, and partly because he wanted to begin just as the other peasantry who

came in the steerage with him would begin He said he was 35 years old and single, and that he intended to buy a farm in the West near a Russian settlement. He wore three very large diamond rings, which he told an inspector he prized not for their money value but because they were heirlooms, and that he would let every cent of his money go before he would part with

YOU CAN'T BITE BY MAIL. Post Office Won't Deliver Your Money to

Sure-Thing Betters. A post office fraud order has been issued against the Empire Company at 1133 Broadway, which is the St. James Building. On the door of Room 1008 is printed "The Empire Company, B. J. Ward, Superintendent."

One of the company's circulars reads in "For every \$20 invested with us you will get get back \$400; for every \$100 you will get back \$2,000, besides getting back your ori-ginal \$100, less our commission of 20 per

cent."
No larger amount than \$100, the circular reads, would be accepted on any one event, the event being a horse race.

Fine on Peary's Boat Remitted. James R. Garfield, Acting Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor. has notified the local customs authorities that the fine of \$500 imposed on Commo-

dore Peary's vessel, the Roosevelt, for

coming from Maine on a master carpen-

understood that this action does not es-

license, has been remitted. It is

tablish a preedent. Are you fit to be trusted with

A Good Set of Brains? Urape=Nuts

Keeps them in order.

# Straw Hats for Men at \$1.50

Regularly \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 & \$4

No matter how high the former price, they have all found a common level—one-fifty. Splits, Sennits. Milans, Mackinaws and Porto Rican Palm, with crowns and brims from extreme to extreme.

#### High Grade Panama Hats at \$4.00 Regularly \$7.50, \$8.00 and \$10.00

You may apply this reduced price to any Panama Hat that our shop affords. And those that are worth eight dollars predominate. Telescope, planter, Alpine and negligee models.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

### Exclusive Summer Shirts for Men

Formerly \$2.00 and \$2.50. Special at \$1.45

Coat and Open Front Negligee Shirts, plain or plaited bosoms, with cuffs attached or detached, fashioned of fine madras, cheviot, percale, French batiste and flannels, together with such novelties as shirts with white bodies and contrasting cuffs.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

#### Summer Scarfs

Value 50c & 75c at 25c Generous four-in-hands which the tub cannot feaze even though they be subjected to it again and again. The materials are imported-mercerized French lawn and madras in white with white figures and stripes, French natte cloth in white, mercerized cheviot in white or gray with colored Persian designs.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

#### Belts for Men

Value \$1 to \$2 at 59c Though the greater number are in size 32, the collection includes belts for every girth from 28 to 44. And they are wrought of leathers of the very highest character - pigskin, walrus, seal, moose, calf and suede, with turned edges and buckles of brass, gilt, gunmetal or nickel.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

# 50c Half Hose for Men at 25c

Half hose of silk-lisle promise much comfort and good service. In conservative shades of tan or gray, and as sheer, soft and lustrous as silk.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

# 75c Underwear for Men at 50c

Light weight Balbriggan shirts with short sleeves and drawers of soft Sea Island yarn, which is to be found only in the better grade of garments.

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

## Bathing Suits for Men

Value \$3.00 to \$5.00.

Full fashioned suits of wool without a baser thread, in black, blue or gray, with a white, red or blue stripe on the shirt and trunks. Quite a number of the stripes are of thread silk. Sleeveless models for those who swim and quarter sleeves for the bathers. Altogether the suits are of that high character which none but the exclusive shops can afford to maintain.

\$2.00 and \$3.00 Suits for Boys at \$1.50

# Replicas of those for men in sizes 3 to 16 years. Saks & Company

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street.

# Week-End Specials.

Friday and Saturday,

Men's Fashionable Serges in Blue and Black; also Blue and Black Rich Unfinished Worsteds, Single and Double Breasted Styles. Always \$25 and \$20.

# At Fifteen Dollars.

Please be good enough to understand that advertising is too expensive for aught but straitlaced truth. Also be good enough to waive meanwhile the boring descriptions of advertised things for men with which the average announcement abounds. Since brevity is the soul of wit, no less than the essence of directness, we would be brief-so brief as to say: Make a direct line for our shops, with the unerring certainty of having your visit handsomely repaid.

## The Values Are Great.

Don't delay. It is surprising with what alacrity New Yorkers pick up great bargains.

Smith Gray & Co.,

THREE STORES BROADWAY AT 31ST ST., NEW YORK. FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV., BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV., B'KLYN.

CUT OUT HIS HOT RIDE.

Married His Sweetheart Bather Than Take More Comfortless Trips to See Her. Justice of the Peace George C. L. Mass of Jersey City is responsible for the following hot weather story:

A pair describing themselves as Samuel Golden, a clerk, of 22A Oakland avenue, Jersey City, and Miss Alma Johnson of 234 Baymiller street, Elizabeth, were married by the Justice on Wednesday night. The bridegroom said he had been in the habit of going to Elizabeth every Wedneshabit of going to Elizabeth every Wednesday night to see his sweetheart and didn't mind the journey at all until the heated spell came on. The journey on the train made him weary and he decided to get married so he could cut it out. The young woman was agreeable, and accompanied him back to Jersey City.

Maes said the pair told him that they would live at Elizabeth.

# DR. DECKER'S SHAKE NO MORE CURES MALARIA

Line Inspector Shocked to Death. Henry J. Ford, 26 years old, of 323 Marion street, a line inspector employed by the Edison Electric Light Company in Brooklyn, was fatally shocked early yesterday morning while trimming a lamp at the top of a twenty foot pole in Sackett street, between Third and Fourth avenues. He was lying dead alongside the pole when discovered by a policeman of the Bergen street station. The ambulance surgeon who was summoned found that the first and second fingers of the left hand had been severely burned by contact with the live wire.